BONUS SECTION - EXTRA PROBLEM SOLUTION

BECAUSE FEED IS A SATURATED VAPOR, 9 =0.

THUS THE 9-LINE IS A MORIZONTAL LINE

WHICH INTERSECT X=Y LINE AT (0.15,0.15).

17 ALSO HAS THE EQUATION

$$y = \frac{2}{2^{-1}} \times - \frac{z_F}{2^{-1}}$$

$$y = -\frac{0.15}{-1} = 0.15$$

SEE PLOT 1

THE MINIMUM REPLOX RATIO CORRESPONDS WITH THE

RECTIFYING OPERATING LINE HAVING THE COWEST

POSSIBLE SLOPE, SINCE THE TANGET DISTILLATE

IS GSOLD I-PROPANOL, THES RECTIFYING LINE

MOST INTERSECT X=Y AT (0.65,0.65). THE

LINE WITH THE MINIMUM POSSIBLE SLOPE

INTERSECT THE SAME POINT ON THE EQUILIBRIUM

CULLUE THAT THE 9-LINE INTERSECTS

SEE PLOT 2

THE SLOPE OF THIS "MINIMUM" IS:

$$\frac{\Delta_{Y}}{\Delta_{X}} = \frac{0.65 - 0.05}{0.65 - 0.007} = 0.778$$

THIS SCOPE IS ALSO
$$\frac{L}{V}$$
 $\stackrel{?}{=}$ $\frac{R}{R+1}$

50 $\frac{R}{R+1} = 0.778$ OR $R = \frac{0.778}{1-0.778}$

$$\frac{R_{MIN} = 3.5}{1-0.778}$$
c) IF $R = 5$ THEN

100 = $8 + D$ OVERAL BALANCE

(0.15)(100) = 0.028 + 0.65D 1-PROMMOC BALANCE

15 = 0.028 + 0.65D

750 = $8 + 32.5D$

$$L = (5)(20.6) = 1030 \text{ Kgmol/h}$$
 $V = (6)(20.6) = 123.6 \text{ Kgmol/h}$
 $L' = 0 + 103.0 = 103.0 \text{ Kgmol/h}$
 $V' = 100(0-1) + 123.6 = 23.6 \text{ Kgmol/h}$

SO, THE TWO LINES ARE:

$$y = \frac{L'}{V'} \times - \frac{B}{V'} \times B$$
SECTION
$$y = \frac{103}{23.6} \times - \frac{79.4}{23.6} (0.02)$$

$$y = 4.36x - 0.067$$

$$y = \frac{L}{V} \times + \frac{D}{V} \times_{D}$$

$$y = \frac{103.0}{123.6} \times + \frac{20.6}{123.6} (0.65)$$

NOTE
$$\frac{R}{R+1} = \frac{5}{5+1} = 0.833$$

SEE FIGURE 3

STEP OFF STAGES

THE SEPARATION NEEDS 4 STAGES
WITH THE FEED ON THE LOWEST SCAGE (#4)

NO, I-PROPANOL & WATER FORM AN AZEOTROPE

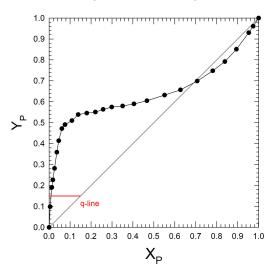
AT THIS PRESSULE & IT LIES AT X = 0.68

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE GREATER

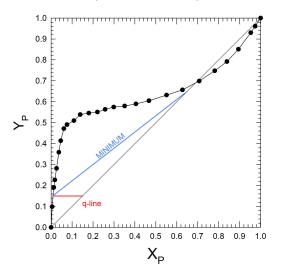
THAN G8% I-PROPANOL IN THIS BINARY

DISTILLATION PROCESS.

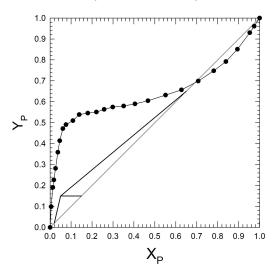
1-Propanol - Water Equilibrium



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